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INTERNATIONAL SOIL MODELING CONSORTIUM

The mission of the International Soil Modeling Consortium (ISMC) is to integrate and advance soil systems modeling, data gathering and observational capabilities. It aims for a definitive quantification of soil ecosystem services, impacts of climate change, land use and agricultural intensification on soils and terrestrial systems at scales ranging from local to global. The ISMC will endeavor to develop the next-generation modeling and knowledge platform for fusing models and observations and interface with advanced climate, biosphere, terrestrial, and earth systems models. The specific objectives of the ISMC are: • To develop the first generation of integrated soil system models and establish a platform for model development and validation • To perform soil model intercomparison studies at local to global scales • To consolidate and develop soil and other data platforms for dissemination of soil information and for modeling • To systematically examine data and model choices on predictions uncertainty for soil and terrestrial processes • To promote integration of soil modeling expertise in neighboring disciplines (climate, land surface, ecological, crop, and other models) • To integrate societal and environmental considerations into soil and ecosystem functioning



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Soil is one of the most critical life-supporting compartments of the Biosphere. Soil provides numerous ecosystem services such as a habitat for biodiversity, water and nutrients, as well as producing food, feed, fiber and energy. To feed the rapidly growing world population in 2050, agricultural food production must be doubled using the same land resources footprint. At the same time, soil resources are threatened due to improper management and climate change. Soil is not only essential for establishing a sustainable bio-economy, but also plays a key role also in a broad range of societal challenges including

- 1. climate change mitigation and adaptation
- 2. land use change
- 3. water resource protection
- 4. biotechnology for human health
- 5. biodiversity and ecological sustainability
- 6. combating desertification

Soils regulate and support water, mass and energy fluxes between the land surface, the vegetation, the atmosphere and the deep subsurface and control storage and release of organic matter affecting climate regulation and biogeochemical cycles. Despite the many important functions of soil, many fundamental knowledge gaps remain, regarding the role of soil biota and biodiversity on ecosystem services, the structure and dynamics of soil communities, the interplay between hydrologic and biotic processes, the quantification of soil biogeochemical processes and soil structural processes, the resilience and recovery of soils from stress, as well as the prediction of soil development and the evolution of soils in the landscape, to name a few. Soil models have long played an important role in quantifying and predicting soil processes and related ecosystem services. However, a new generation of soil models based on a whole systems approach comprising all physical, mechanical, chemical and biological processes is now required to address these critical knowledge gaps and thus contribute to the preservation of ecosystem services, improve our understanding of climate-change-feedback processes, bridge basic soil science research and management, and facilitate the communication between science and society. To meet these challenges an international community effort is required, similar to initiatives in systems biology, hydrology, and climate and crop research. We therefore propose to establish an international soil modelling consortium with the aims of 1) bringing together leading experts in modelling soil processes within all major soil disciplines, 2) addressing major scientific gaps in describing key processes and their long term impacts with respect to the different functions and ecosystem services provided by soil, 3) intercomparing soil model performance based on standardized and harmonized data sets, 4) identifying interactions with other relevant platforms related to common data formats, protocols and ontologies, 5) developing new approaches to inverse modelling, calibration, and validation of soil models, 6) integrating soil modelling expertise and state of the art knowledge on soil processes in climate, land surface, ecological, crop and contaminant models, and 7) linking process models with new observation, measurement and data evaluation technologies for mapping and characterizing soil properties across scales. Our consortium will bring together modelers and experimental soil scientists at the forefront of new technologies and approaches to characterize soils. By addressing these aims, the consortium will contribute to improve the role of soil modeling as a knowledge dissemination instrument in addressing key global issues and stimulate the development of translational research activities. This presentation will provide a compelling case for this much-needed effort, with a focus on tangible benefits to the scientific and food security communities.

NEWS

Vacancies at the University of Southampton May 05, 2016 Postdoctoral Research Opportunity

May 02, 2016

AgMIP 6 Global Workshop Apr 25, 2016

DOE's Environmental System Science Principal Investigator meeting Apr 20, 2016

18th International Fresenius AGRO Conference Apr 20, 2016

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